

國立中正大學  
111 學年度碩士班招生考試  
試題

[第 2 節]

科目名稱	線性代數
系所組別	數學系

—作答注意事項—

※作答前請先核對「試題」、「試卷」與「准考證」之系所組別、科目名稱是否相符。

1. 預備鈴響時即可入場，但至考試開始鈴響前，不得翻閱試題，並不得書寫、畫記、作答。
2. 考試開始鈴響時，即可開始作答；考試結束鈴響畢，應即停止作答。
3. 入場後於考試開始 40 分鐘內不得離場。
4. 全部答題均須在試卷（答案卷）作答區內完成。
5. 試卷作答限用藍色或黑色筆（含鉛筆）書寫。
6. 試題須隨試卷繳還。

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NOTATION: In this test, all vector spaces are over  $\mathbb{R}$ . For a matrix  $A \in M_{m \times n}$ , let  $L_A : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$  denote left-multiplication transformation. Let  $\mathbf{R}(L_A)$  denotes the range of  $L_A$  and  $\mathbf{N}(L_A)$  denote the null space of  $L_A$ .

1. Let the matrix  $A$  be

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 4 & 8 & 4 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 2 \\ 8 & 2 & 10 & 0 & 2 \\ 6 & 2 & 8 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- (a) Compute the reduced row echelon form of matrix  $A$ . (10pts)  
(b) From the answer of part (a), find a basis of  $\mathbf{N}(L_A)$  and a basis of  $\mathbf{R}(L_A)$ . (10pts)

2. Let the matrix  $A$  be

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 & 2 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Determine whether  $B$  is diagonalizable. If  $B$  is diagonalizable, find an invertible matrix  $P$  and a diagonal matrix  $D$  such that  $B = PDP^{-1}$ . (20pts)

3. Let  $A \in M_{m \times n}(\mathbb{R})$ .

- (a) Show that  $\text{rank}(A^T A) = \text{rank}(A)$ . (10pts)  
(b) Let the column vector  $v \in \mathbb{R}^m$ . If  $\text{rank}(A) = n$ , find a vector  $w$  in  $\mathbf{R}(L_A)$  which is the projection of  $v$  onto  $\mathbf{R}(L_A)$ . Note that  $w \in \mathbf{R}(L_A)$  is the projection of  $v$  if  $v \perp (v - w)$ . (10pts)

4. Let  $V_1$  and  $V_2$  be subspaces of a vector space  $V$  having dimensions  $n_1$  and  $n_2$  respectively, where  $n_2 \geq n_1$ . Let  $n$  be the dimension of  $V$ .

- (a) Prove that  $\dim(V_1 \cap V_2) \leq n_1$ . (6pts)  
(b) Prove that  $\dim(V_1 + V_2) \leq n_1 + n_2$ . (6pts)  
(c) Prove that  $\dim(V_1 \cap V_2) \geq n_1 + n_2 - n$ . (8pts)

5.

- (a) Determine all possible value for  $\det(A)$  when  $A$  is an orthogonal matrix. (10pts)  
(b) Prove that if  $A \in M_{n \times n}$  is skew-symmetric and  $n$  is odd, then  $A$  is not invertible. Give a counterexample when  $n$  is even. (10pts)